## **Introduced by Assembly Member Vargas**

February 7, 2005

An act to amend Section 10113.2 of the Insurance Code, relating to life insurance.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 243, as introduced, Vargas. Life insurance: viatical settlements. Existing law generally regulates an agreement, known as a viatical settlement, between a person owning a life insurance policy upon the life of a person with a catastrophic or life-threatening condition and another person by which the policy owner receives anything of value less than the death benefits of the insurance policy in return for an assignment of those benefits. Existing law requires the licensure of a person entering into or soliciting viatical settlements, and imposes specified fees for the issuance and renewal of such a license.

This bill would increase the amounts of those fees, as specified. Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 10113.2 of the Insurance Code is 2 amended to read:
- 3 10113.2. (a) This section applies to any person entering into 4 or soliciting viatical settlements pursuant to Section 10113.1.
- 5 (b) (1) No person may enter into or solicit viatical settlements 6 pursuant to Section 10113.1 unless that person has been licensed
- by the commissioner under this section. The person shall file an

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application for a license in the form prescribed by the commissioner, and the application shall be accompanied by a fee 3 of-two three thousand eight hundred thirty-three dollars (\$2,833) (\$3,833). The applicant shall provide any information the commissioner may require. The commissioner may issue a license, or deny the application if, in his or her discretion, it is determined that it is contrary to the interests of the public to issue a license to the applicant. The reasons for a denial shall be set forth in writing.

- (2) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that it is contrary to the interests of the public for a person licensed pursuant to this section to continue to transact viatical settlements business, he or she shall issue a notice to the licensee stating the reasons therefor. If, after a hearing, the commissioner concludes that it is contrary to the interests of the public for the licensee to continue to transact viatical settlements business, he or she may revoke the person's license, or issue an order suspending the license for a period as determined by the commissioner. Any hearing conducted pursuant to this paragraph shall be in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, except that the hearing may be conducted by administrative law judges chosen pursuant to Section 11502 or appointed by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall have the powers granted therein.
- (3) Each licensee shall owe and pay in advance to the commissioner an annual renewal fee of one two hundred seventy-seven dollars (\$177) (\$277). This fee shall be for annual periods commencing on July 1 of each year and ending on June 30 of each year, and shall be due on each March 1 and shall be delinquent on and after each April 1.
- (4) Any licensee that intends to discontinue transacting viatical settlements in this state shall so notify the commissioner, and shall surrender its license.
- (c) A viatical settlements licensee shall file with the department a copy of all viatical settlement forms used in this state. No licensee may use any viatical settlement form in this state unless it has been approved by the commissioner. Any viatical settlement form filed with the commissioner shall be deemed approved if it has not been disapproved within 60 days of filing. The commissioner shall disapprove a viatical settlement

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form if, in his or her discretion, the form, or provisions contained therein, are contrary to the interests of the public, or otherwise misleading or unfair to the consumer. The commissioner may rescind an approval for any reason or on any basis that would have justified initial disapproval. In the case of disapproval or rescission of approval, the licensee may, within 15 days of notice of the disapproval or rescission, request a hearing before the commissioner or his or her designee, and the hearing shall be held within 30 days of the request.

(d) Viatical settlements licensees shall be required to disclose or advise any applicant for a viatical settlement, at the time of solicitation for the viatical settlement, of all of the following:

- (1) Possible alternatives to viatical settlements for persons with catastrophic or life-threatening illness, including, but not limited to, accelerated benefits options that may be offered by the life insurer.
- (2) Tax consequences that may result from entering into a viatical settlement.
- (3) Consequences for interruption of public assistance as provided by information provided by the State Department of Health Services and the State Department of Social Services under Section 11022 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (e) All medical information solicited or obtained by any person soliciting or entering into a viatical settlement is subject to Article 6.6 (commencing with Section 791) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1, concerning confidentiality of medical information.
- (f) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations reasonably necessary to govern viatical settlements and transactions and shall adopt regulations to address those conflicts of interest that may arise, including referrals by viatical settlement brokers to viatical settlement providers who have patterns of unreasonable payments to viators. This authority includes, but is not limited to, regulation of discount rates used to determine the amount paid in exchange for assignment, transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of a death benefit under a life insurance policy, and regulations restricting the period of time within which a life or disability agent is prohibited from charging or accepting a fee or commission for viaticating a policy previously sold by that agent. In adopting those regulations, the

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commissioner shall consider the period of time applicable to that prohibition. The prohibition does not apply to group policies or certificates.

- (g) The commissioner may, whenever he or she deems it reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the public, examine the business and affairs of any licensee or applicant for a license. The commissioner shall have the authority to order any licensee or applicant to produce any records, books, files, or other information as is reasonably necessary to ascertain whether or not the licensee or applicant is acting or has acted in violation of the law or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public. The expenses incurred in conducting any examination shall be paid by the licensee or applicant.
- (h) The commissioner may investigate the conduct of any licensee, its officers, employees, agents, or any other person involved in the business of the licensee, whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that the licensee may have acted, or may be acting, in violation of the law, or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public. The commissioner may initiate an investigation on his or her own, or upon a complaint filed by any other person.
- (i) The commissioner may issue orders to licensees whenever he or she determines that it is reasonably necessary to ensure or obtain compliance with this section, or Section 10113.1. This authority includes, but is not limited to, orders directing a licensee to cease and desist in any practice that is in violation of this section, or Section 10113.1, or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public. Any licensee to which an order pursuant to this subdivision is issued may, within 15 days of receipt of that order, request a hearing at which the licensee may challenge the order.
- (j) The commissioner may, after notice and a hearing at which it is determined that a licensee has violated this section or Section 10113.1 or any order issued pursuant to this section, order the licensee to pay a monetary penalty of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), which may be recovered in a civil action. Any hearing conducted pursuant to this subdivision shall be in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, except that the hearing may be conducted by administrative law judges chosen

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pursuant to Section 11502 or appointed by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall have the powers granted therein.

- (k) Each licensee shall file with the commissioner on or before March 1 of each year an annual statement in the form prescribed by the commissioner. The information that the commissioner may require in the annual statement shall include, but not be limited to, the data required to satisfy the commissioner's report to the Legislature due on or before December 1, 1994.
- (*l*) No person who is not a resident of California may receive or maintain a license unless a written designation of an agent for service of process is filed and maintained with the commissioner. The provisions of Article 3 (commencing with Section 1600) of Chapter 4 of Part 2 shall apply to viatical settlements licensees as if they were foreign insurers, their license a certificate of authority, and the viatical settlements a policy, and the commissioner may modify the agreement set forth in Section 1604 accordingly.
- (m) No person licensed pursuant to this section shall engage in any false or misleading advertising, solicitation, or practice. The provisions of Article 6 (commencing with Section 780) and Article 6.5 (commencing with Section 790) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 shall apply to viatical settlements licensees as if they were insurers, their license a certificate of authority or producer's license, and the viatical settlements a policy, and the commissioner shall liberally construe these provisions so as to protect the interests of the public.
- (n) Any person who enters into a viatical settlement with a viatical settlements licensee shall have the absolute right to rescind the settlement within 15 days of execution of the settlement, and any waiver or settlement language contrary to this subdivision shall be void.
  - (o) A violation of this section is a misdemeanor.